

## **AMENDMENT TO THE DESCRIPTION**

Please insert the following paragraph [20a] between original paragraphs [20] and [21].

[20a] In the present description, the term “phoneme” is understood as defining an abstract unit of the phonetic system of a language. A phoneme corresponds to a speech sound (for example, the velar \k\ of *cool* and the palatal \k\ of *keen*), which can be perceived as a single distinctive sound in a word of a particular language. Phonemes once assemble together form a word. A phoneme may be graphically represented as a “grapheme”, also known as a letter or a “digraph” of a writing system, such as letters and letter combinations, and which can be assembled together similarly to form a written word.